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TRADEMARK OFFICE COMES TO CALIFORNIA

An Insider's Look at Trademark Examination Tuesday and Thursday, June 13 & 15, 2023 10:15 a.m. – 11:15 a.m.

MCLE: 1 Hour

Speakers:

Susan Hayash, Law Office Managing Attorney, USPTO

Conference Reference Materials

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

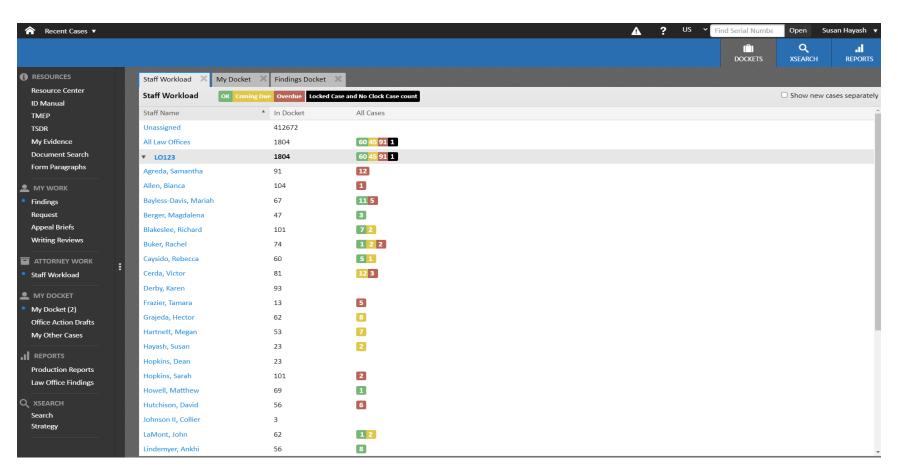


A day in the life of a trademark examining attorney

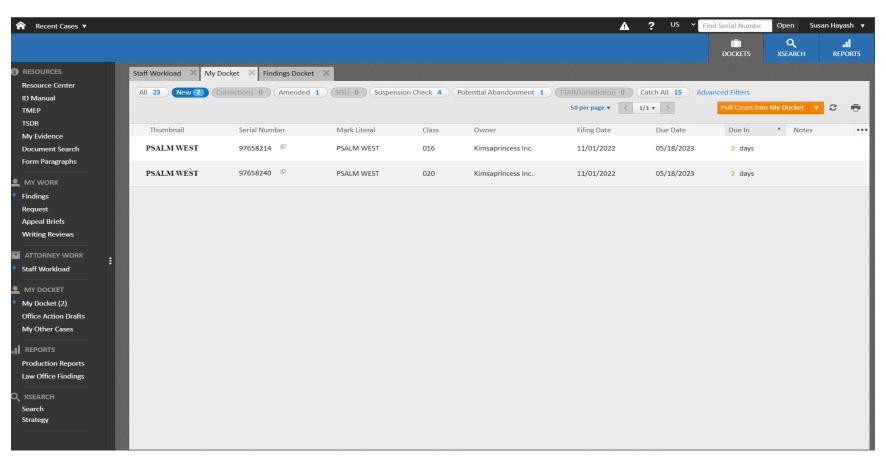
Susan Hayash Managing Attorney, Law Office 123



A look at dockets – manager view



A look at dockets - individual view



Assigning and reviewing a file

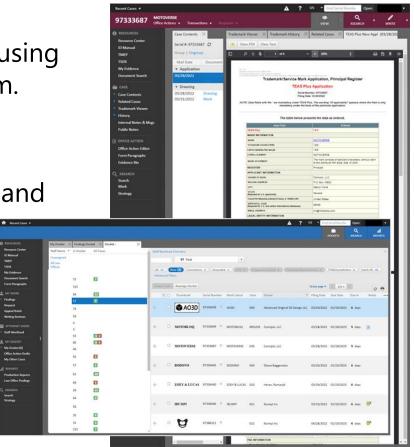
 Examining attorney requests a file using the new TM Exam docketing system.

To maintain consistency, TM Exam assigns co-pending applications

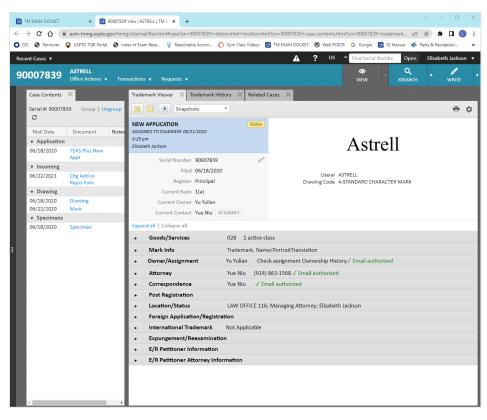
 (applications with the same owner and filed at or near the same time)

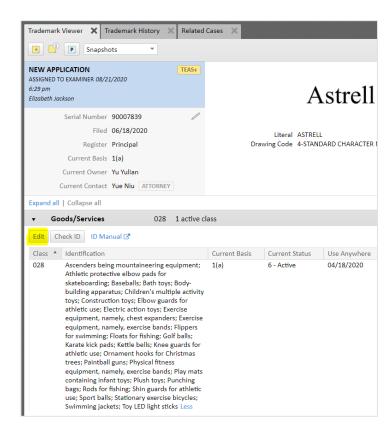
to the same examining attorney.

 All work performed electronically within TM Exam and other applications.



Database changes





Searching

- USPTO maintains a searchable database of federally registered marks and pending applications.
 - Does not contain state trademark registrations, common law marks, business names, or domain names.

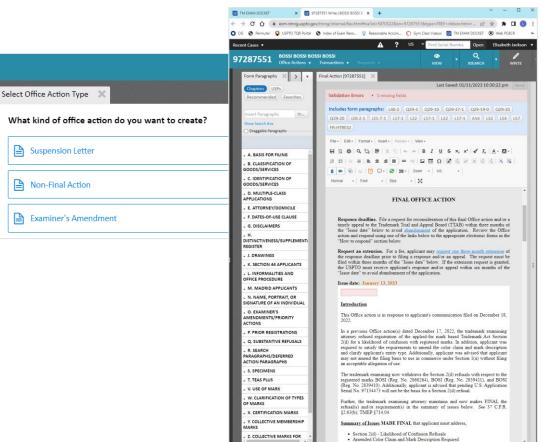
Search tools

- X-Search
- Trademark Electronic Search System (TESS)



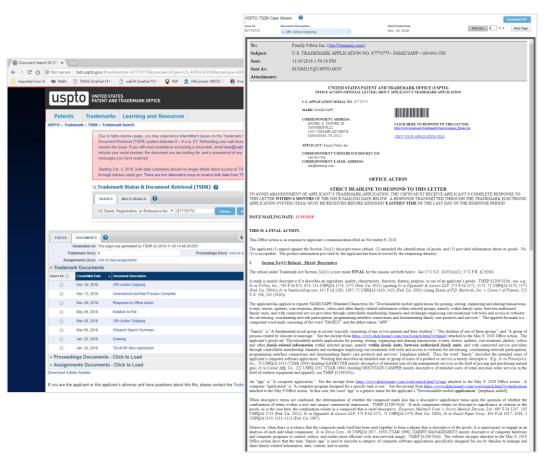
Issuing office actions

- Examining Attorney will address any procedural or substantive issues identified in review.
- This can be done by office action, examiner's amendment (phone call/informal email), or priority action.
- The office strongly encourages phone or email resolution.

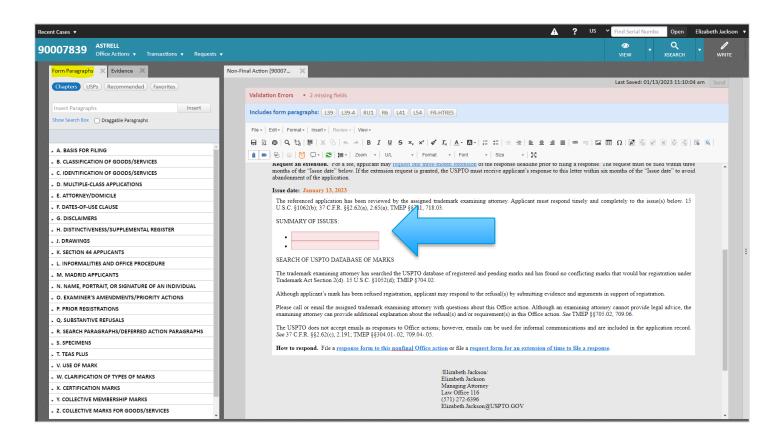


Issuing office actions

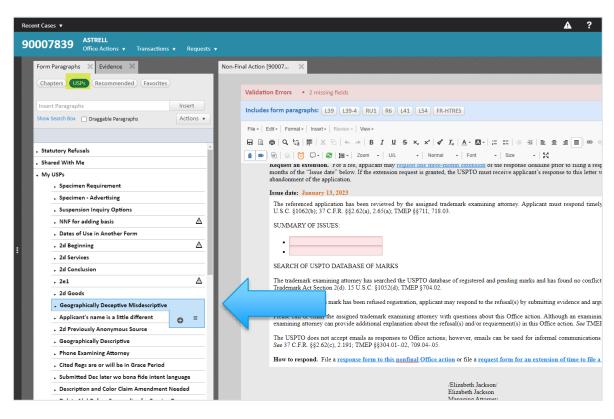
- Office actions are primarily sent by email notification with a link to TSDR (Trademark Status & Document Retrieval).
- The applicant or its attorney can submit written arguments as to why the refusal or requirement should be withdrawn using TEAS.
- If the examining attorney is not convinced by those arguments and repeats the refusal or requirement, an appeal can be taken to the Trademark Trial and Appeal Board.



Form paragraphs



User specified paragraphs (USPs)





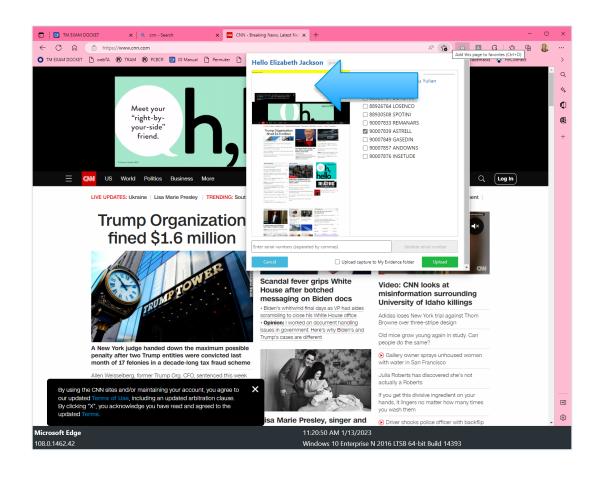
Office action format

Order of inclusion

- Search clause
- Substantive issues (if any)
- Procedural issues (if any)
- Advisories (if needed)
- Evidence



Attaching evidence





Substantive grounds for refusal

Possible grounds for refusal:

- Likelihood of confusion
- Merely descriptive
- Geographically descriptive
- Primarily merely a surname
- False connection
- Failure to function
- Others





Procedural grounds for refusal

- Possible grounds for refusal:
 - Identification/classification of goods/services
 - Disclaimers
 - Drawing issues
 - Specimen issues
 - Name/ownership issues
 - Other





Approval for publication

- If the mark is approved for publication, and, if after publication, no one opposes the issuance of a registration, a registration will issue.
 - If the application was based on an intent to use the mark, the applicant must submit a statement of use before a registration is issued.
 - If an opposition was filed, it is considered by the
 Trademark Trial and Appeal Board.

Deadlines

- Examining attorneys have seven days to take action on a new case.
- Section 1 and/or 44 applicants have three months to respond to any requirement or refusal addressed in an office action.
 - Applicants can request one 3-month extension per office action.
- If the applicant does not respond within the time period, the file is deemed abandoned.
- Once the applicant responds, the examining attorney has 21 days to take appropriate action.

Production

- Depending on experience, examining attorneys must produce a certain number of actions per quarter.
- Examining attorneys receive credit for the first action taken and the final disposal of the case (approval or abandonment).
- Examining attorneys average over 1,000 first actions per year, or an average of five per day.
- Examining attorneys take action on about 2,300 cases per year and average about 12 cases per day.

Examining attorney signatory authority

No signatory authority

New attorneys must have all actions approved by a trainer.

Partial signatory authority

 About six months after starting, examining attorneys can autonomously issue all actions except publication/registration approvals and final refusals.

Probationary full signatory authority

- About one year after starting, examining attorneys can autonomously issue all actions except publication/registration approvals.

Full signatory authority

Two years after starting, examining attorneys can autonomously issue all actions.



Thank you!

Susan Hayash

Managing Attorney

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